Phihong Technology Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 and Independent Accountants' Review Report

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Phihong Technology Co., Ltd.

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Phihong Technology Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 (all expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars). These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to issue a report based on our reviews.

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 36 "Engagements to Review Financial Statements" issued by the Auditing Standards Committee of the Accounting Research and Development Foundation of the Republic of China. A review consists principally of applying analytical procedures to financial data and of making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

As disclosed in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements, long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013 were based on unreviewed financial statements. As of March 31, 2014 and 2013, the aggregate balances of the Company's investments in its investees whose financial statements have not been reviewed by independent accountants amounted to \$327,848 thousand and \$327,061 thousand, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company's investment income from such investments amounted to \$5,412 thousand and \$1,100 thousand, respectively.

Based on our reviews, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the long-term equity investments and investment income of investees mentioned above been recognized based on reviewed financial statements, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

May 15, 2014

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent accountants' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent accountants' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	March 31, 2014		December 31, 2013		March 31, 2013	
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 1,712,912	16	\$ 1,422,745	14	\$ 1,217,076	12
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Note 7)	46,618 2,041,992	- 19	50,957	- 19	169,120 1,809,149	2 19
Trade receivables (Note 10) Other receivables	2,041,992 31,869	-	1,966,820 32,607	-	42,506	-
Inventories (Note 11)	1,863,910	17	1,706,064	17	1,795,621	19
Prepayment for lease (Note 15)	3,932	-	3,303	-	3,212	-
Other current assets	430,518	4	336,490	3	188,914	2
Total current assets	6,131,751	<u>56</u>	5,518,986	53	5,225,598	54
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					24.515	
Available-for-sale financial assets - non-current (Note 8) Financial assets measured at cost - non-current (Note 9)	- 99,945	- 1	- 111,145	- 1	34,515 77,945	- 1
Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 12)	327,848	3	329,633	3	327,061	3
Property, plant and equipment (Note 13)	4,025,614	37	3,986,992	39	3,657,995	38
Intangible assets (Note 14) Deferred tax assets (Note 22)	45,654 47,423	-	46,308 47,423	- 1	39,746 47,669	1 1
Long-term prepayments for lease (Note 15)	158,664	1	133,309	1	132,024	1
Other non-current assets	183,423	2	155,133	2	70,265	1
Total non-current assets	4,888,571	_44	4,809,943	<u>47</u>	4,387,220	<u>46</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 11,020,322</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 10,328,929</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 9,612,818	100
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Short-term debt (Note 16)	\$ 582,970	6	\$ 100,000	1	\$ -	_
Trade payable	2,124,484	19	2,026,147	20	1,903,237	20
Trade payables to related parties (Note 26)	111,995	1	109,911	1	95,388	1
Other payables (Note 17) Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 22)	887,919 80,456	8	1,028,646 86,446	10	969,362 95,517	10
Current tax habilities (Notes 4 and 22) Current portion of long-term borrowings (Note 16)	133,333	1	8,333	-	93,317	-
Other current liabilities (Note 18)	94,301	1	105,241	1	103,585	1
Total current liabilities	4,015,458	<u>37</u>	3,464,724	<u>34</u>	3,167,089	_33
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Long-term borrowings (Note 16)	866,667	8	791,667	8	300,000	3
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 22)	79,832 65,391	1	79,832 65,186	1	79,832	l 1
Accrued pension liabilities (Note 19) Other non-current liabilities	913	-	898	-	66,743 825	-
Total non-current liabilities	1,012,803	9	937,583	9	447,400	5
Total liabilities	5,028,261	<u>46</u>	4,402,307	43	3,614,489	38
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 20)						
Share capital Common stock	2,771,639	25	2,771,639	27	2,771,639	29
Capital surplus	949,615	8	949,615	9	949,615	10
Retained earnings	4 000 4 4 5	10	1 002 115		1 070 100	
Legal reserve Special reserve	1,083,147 230,859	10 2	1,083,147 230,859	11 2	1,052,192 230,859	11
Unappropriated earnings	859,428	8	853,368	8	1,050,057	11
Total retained earnings	2,173,434	20	2,167,374	21	2,333,108	24
Other equity	140 142		72.200		(22.562)	(1)
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations Unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale financial assets	140,142 (33,625)	1	73,280 (26,428)	-	(22,562) (22,222)	(1)
Total other equity	106,517	<u> </u>	46,852		$\frac{(22,222)}{(44,784)}$	<u>(1</u>)
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	6,001,205	54	5,935,480	57	6,009,578	62
NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	(9,144)	_ _	(8,858)	<u> </u>	(11,249)	<u> </u>
Total equity	5,992,061	_54	5,926,622	57	5,998,329	62
TOTAL	<u>\$ 11,020,322</u>	<u>100</u>	\$ 10,328,929	<u>100</u>	\$ 9,612,818	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 15, 2014)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	Three Months Ended March 31				
	2014		2013		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
NET SALES AND REVENUES (Note 26)	\$ 2,776,835	100	\$ 2,608,594	100	
COST OF GOODS SOLD (Notes 11 and 26)	2,385,168	<u>86</u>	2,163,695	83	
GROSS PROFIT	391,667	<u>14</u>	444,899	<u>17</u>	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Sales and marketing	158,182	6	186,207	7	
General and administration	149,125	5	131,432	5	
Research and development	96,764	3	121,844	5	
Total operating expenses	404,071	<u>14</u>	439,483	<u>17</u>	
(LOSS) INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	(12,404)		5,416		
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)					
Other income	30,993	1	32,571	1	
Other gains (losses) (Note 21)	6,993	_	20,778	1	
Finance costs	(4,372)	_	(1,310)	_	
Share of the profit of associates (Note 12)	5,412		1,100		
Total nonoperating income	39,026	1	53,139	2	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	26,622	1	58,555	2	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 22)	(20,664)	<u>(1</u>)	(21,370)	(1)	
NET INCOME	5,958	_	<u>37,185</u>	1	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Even and differences on translating foreign					
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations (Note 20)	66,678	2	125,060	5	
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets (Note 20)	-	-	3,895	-	
Share of the other comprehensive income of associates (Note 20)	(7,197)		(10,514)		
Total other comprehensive income	59,481	2	118,441	5	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	<u>\$ 65,439</u>	<u>2</u>	\$ 155,626 (Con	<u>6</u> ntinued)	
			•	•	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	Three Months Ended March 31				
	2014		2013		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owner of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 6,060 (102)	 	\$ 42,305 (5,120)	1 	
	<u>\$ 5,958</u>		<u>\$ 37,185</u>	1	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owner of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 65,725 (286)	2	\$ 161,485 (5,859)	6	
	<u>\$ 65,439</u>	2	<u>\$ 155,626</u>	<u>6</u>	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 23) Basic Diluted	\$0.02 \$0.02		\$0.15 \$0.15		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 15, 2014)

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company Other Equity **Exchange** Unrealized Differences on Gain (Loss) on Share Capital **Retained Earnings Translating** Available-for-Non-controlling Common Capital **Special** Unappropriated Foreign sale Financial **Total Equity** Surplus **Legal Reserve Operations Total** Interest Stock Reserve **Earnings Assets** BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2013 \$ 2,771,639 949,615 \$ 1,052,192 \$ \$ 1,238,611 \$ (148,361) \$ (15,603)\$ 5,848,093 (5,390)\$ 5,842,703 Special reserve at first time adoption of IFRSs (Note 20) 230,859 (230,859)Net income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2013 42,305 42,305 37,185 (5,120)Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2013, net of income tax 125,799 (6,619)119,180 (739)118,441 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2013 230,859 (188,554) 125,799 (6,619)(5,859)155,626 161,485 \$ 1,052,192 230,859 (22,562)\$ 6,009,578 BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2013 2,771,639 949,615 (22,222)\$ 5,998,329 \$ 1,050,057 (11,249) BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2014 \$ 2,771,639 949,615 \$ 1,083,147 \$ 230,859 853,368 73,280 (26,428)\$ 5,935,480 (8,858)\$ 5,926,622 Net income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 6,060 6,060 (102)5,958 Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2014, net of income tax 66,862 (7,197)59,665 (184)59,481 Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2014 6,060 66,862 (7,197)65,725 (286)65,439

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

\$ 2,771,639

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 15, 2014)

BALANCE, MARCH 31, 2014

\$ 230,859

\$ 859,428

\$ 140,142

\$ (33,625)

\$ 6,001,205

\$ 5,992,061

(9,144)

\$ 1,083,147

\$ 949,615

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	Three Months Ended M		March 31	
		2014	2013	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	26,622	\$	58,555
Adjustments for:	φ	20,022	φ	36,333
(Reversal of impairment loss) impairment loss recognized on trade				
receivables		(200)		2,490
Depreciation expense		105,352		105,692
Amortization expense		4,416		4,356
Finance costs		4,372		1,310
Interest income		(3,040)		(2,142)
Share of the profit of associates		(5,412)		(1,100)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		1,759		668
Loss on disposal of financial assets measured at cost		1,737		2,517
Impairment loss of financial assets measured at cost		11,200		2,317
Write-down of inventories		5,416		7,550
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		3,110		7,550
Trade receivable		(74,972)		95,843
Other receivables		943		12,131
Inventories		(163,262)		(122,947)
Other current assets		(94,028)		(34,192)
Other non-current assets		(21,825)		(1,385)
Notes payable		-		2,099
Trade payable		98,337		(187,164)
Trade payable to related parties		2,084		47,068
Other payables		(144,362)		(83,461)
Other current liabilities		(10,940)		9,455
Reserve for retirement plan		205		(49)
Cash generated from operating activities		(257,335)		(82,706)
Interest paid		(3,836)		(978)
Interest received		2,835		2,144
Income tax paid		(26,654)		(18,120)
•		,		,
Net cash used in operating activities		(284,990)		(99,660)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-		(169,120)
Net loss on fair value change of financial assets designated as at fair				
value through profit or loss		4,339		-
Proceeds on sale of financial assets measured at cost		-		10,483
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(109,524)		(200,383)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		10,304		5,310
Payments for intangible assets		(2,594)		(262)
Increase in refundable deposits		(4,827)		(147)
				(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	Three Months Ended March 3 2014 2013	
Increase in pre-paid lease payments Dividend received	\$ (25,013)	\$ - 3,285
Net cash used in investing activities	(127,315)	(350,834)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from short-term debt Proceeds from long-term borrowings Decrease in advance deposits received Net cash generated from financing activities EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE	482,970 200,000 	100,000 (160) 99,840
OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	19,502	24,442
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	290,167	(326,212)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	1,422,745	1,543,288
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 1,712,912</u>	<u>\$ 1,217,076</u>
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial s	statements.	(Conclude 1)
(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated May 15, 2014)		(Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014 AND 2013 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Data and Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Phihong Technology Co., Ltd. ("Phihong" or "the Company"), which was formerly known as Phihong Enterprise Co., Ltd. was incorporated on December 12, 1972 under the laws of the Republic of China ("ROC"). Under a resolution approved in the stockholders' meeting in June 2003, Phihong changed its name to Phihong Technology Co., Ltd. Phihong primarily manufactures and sells AC/DC power adapters, charger bases, power supply modules, UPS (uninterruptible power supply) for computers, ballasts, etc.

In February 2000, Phihong was authorized to have its stocks trade on the over-the-counter (OTC) securities exchange in Taiwan. In September 2001, Phihong's stocks were ceased to be OTC traded and Phihong later obtained authorization to have its stocks listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

The functional currency of Phihong is New Taiwan dollars.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were reported to the board of directors and approved for issue on May 15, 2014.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. The 2013 version of the International Financial Reporting Standards, (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC) and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) in issue but not yet effective

Rule No. 1030010325 issued by the FSC on April 3, 2014, stipulated that the Group should apply the 2013 version of IFRS, IAS, IFRIC and SIC (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed by the FSC starting January 1, 2015.

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations (the "New IFRSs")	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note)
Improvements to IFRSs (2009) - amendment to IAS 39	January 1, 2009 and January 1, 2010, as appropriate
Amendment to IAS 39 "Embedded Derivatives"	Effective for annual periods ended on or after June 30, 2009
Improvements to IFRSs (2010)	July 1, 2010 and January 1, 2011, as appropriate
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle	January 1, 2013 (Continued)

Standards and Interpretations (the "New IFRSs") Announced by IASB (Note) Amendment to IFRS 1 "Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 July 1, 2010 Disclosures for First-time Adopters" Amendment to IFRS 1 "Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed July 1, 2011 Dates for First-time Adopters" Amendment to IFRS 1 "Government Loans" January 1, 2013 Amendment to IFRS 7 "Disclosure - Offsetting Financial Assets and January 1, 2013 Financial Liabilities" Amendment to IFRS 7 "Disclosure - Transfer of Financial Assets" July 1, 2011 IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" January 1, 2013 IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" January 1, 2013 IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities" January 1, 2013 Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 "Consolidated January 1, 2013 Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance" Amendments to IFRS 10 and IFRS 12 and IAS 27 "Investment January 1, 2014 Entities" IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" January 1, 2013 Amendment to IAS 1 "Presentation of Other Comprehensive Income" July 1, 2012 Amendment to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying January 1, 2012 Assets" IAS 19 (Revised 2011) "Employee Benefits" January 1, 2013 IAS 27 (Revised 2011) "Separate Financial Statements" January 1, 2013 IAS 28 (Revised 2011) "Investments in Associates and Joint January 1, 2013 Ventures"

New, Amended and Revised

(Concluded)

January 1, 2014

January 1, 2013

Effective Date

Note: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after the respective effective dates.

Except for the following, the initial application of the above 2013 IFRSs version has not had any material impact on the Group's accounting policies:

1) IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements"

Liabilities"

Amendment to IAS 32 "Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial

IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in Production Phase of a Surface Mine"

IFRS 10 replaces IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" and SIC 12 "Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities". The Group considers whether it has control over other entities for consolidation. The Group has control over an investee if and only if it has i) power over the investee; ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of its returns. Additional guidance has been included in IFRS 10 to explain when an investor has control over an investee.

2) IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities"

IFRS 12 is a new disclosure standard and is applicable to entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities. In general, the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12 are more extensive than in the current standards.

3) Revision to IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"

Revised IAS 28 requires when a portion of an investment in an associate meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, that portion is classified as held for sale. Any retained portion that has not been classified as held for sale is accounted for using the equity method. Under current IAS 28, when a portion of an investment in associates meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, the entire investment is classified as held for sale and ceases to apply the equity method.

4) IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements. It defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The disclosure requirements in IFRS 13 are more extensive than those required in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only will be extended by IFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

5) Amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income"

The amendments to IAS 1 require items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into those that (1) will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (2) will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income taxes on related items of other comprehensive income are grouped on the same basis. Previously, there were no such requirements.

Except for the above impacts, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group was continuingly to assess other possible impacts that the application of the 2013 IFRSs version will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance, and will disclose these other impacts when the assessment is completed.

b. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed by FSC

The Group has not applied the following New IFRSs issued by the IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC. As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the FSC has not announced their effective dates.

	Effective Date
New IFRSs	Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle	July 1, 2014 (Note 2)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<u>.</u>	July 1, 2014
IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"	Note 3
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Mandatory Effective Date of	Note 3
IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures"	
Amendment to IFRS 11 "Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in	January 1, 2016
Joint Operations"	•
IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts"	January 1, 2016
Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 "Clarification of Acceptable	January 1, 2016
Methods of Depreciation and Amortization"	
Amendment to IAS 19 "Defined Benefit Plans: Employee	July 1, 2014
Contributions"	•
Amendment to IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets: Recoverable Amount	January 1, 2014
Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"	
Amendment to IAS 39 "Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of	January 1, 2014
Hedge Accounting"	
IFRIC 21 "Levies"	January 1, 2014

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The amendment to IFRS 2 applies to share-based payment transactions with grant date on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 3 applies to business combinations with acquisition date on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 13 is effective immediately; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.
- Note 3: IASB tentatively decided that an entity should apply IFRS 9 for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

The initial application of the above New IFRSs has not had any material impact on the Group's accounting policies, except for the following:

1) IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

With regards to financial assets, all recognized financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other financial assets are measured at their fair values at the end of reporting period. However, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

2) Amendments to IAS 36 "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"

In issuing IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", the IASB made some consequential amendments to the disclosure requirements in IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", introducing a requirement to disclose in every reporting period the recoverable amount of an asset or each cash-generating unit. The amendment clarifies that the disclosure of such recoverable amount is required only when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed. Furthermore, the Group is required to disclose the discount rate used in measurements of the recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal measured using a present value technique.

3) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2010-2012 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 2 "Share-Based Payment", IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" and IFRS 8 "Operating Segments" were amended in this annual improvement.

The amended IFRS 2 changes the definitions of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition' and adds definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition'. The amendment clarifies that a performance target can be based on the operations (i.e. a non-market condition) of the Group or another entity in the same group or the market price of the equity instruments of the Group or another entity in the same group (i.e. a market condition); that a performance target can relate either to the performance of the Group as a whole or to some part of it (e.g. a division); and that the period for achieving a performance condition must not extend beyond the end of the related service period. In addition, a share market index target is not a performance condition because it not only reflects the performance of the Group, but also of other entities outside the Group.

IFRS 3 was amended to clarify that contingent consideration should be measured at fair value, irrespective of whether the contingent consideration is a financial instrument within the scope of IFRS 9 or IAS 39. Changes in fair value should be recognized in profit or loss.

The amended IFRS 8 requires an entity to disclose the judgments made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments, including a description of the operating segments aggregated and the economic indicators assessed in determining whether the operating segments have 'similar economic characteristics'. The amendment also clarifies that a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets should only be provided if the segments' assets are regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

IFRS 13 was amended to clarify that the issuance of IFRS 13 did not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting, if the effect of not discounting is immaterial.

IAS 24 was amended to clarify that a management entity providing key management personnel services to the Group is a related party of the Group. Consequently, the Group is required to disclose as related party transactions the amounts incurred for the service paid or payable to the management entity for the provision of key management personnel services. However, disclosure of the components of such compensation is not required.

4) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2011-2013 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 3, IFRS 13 and IAS 40 "Investment Property" were amended in this annual improvement.

IFRS 3 was amended to clarify that IFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of all types of joint arrangements in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

The scope in IFRS 13 of the portfolio exception for measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis was amended to clarify that it includes all contracts that are within the scope of, and accounted for in accordance with, IAS 39 or IFRS 9, even if those contracts do not meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities within IAS 32.

IAS 40 was amended to clarify that IAS 40 and IFRS 3 are not mutually exclusive and application of both standards may be required to determine whether the investment property acquired is acquisition of an asset or a business combination.

5) Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 "Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization"

The entity should use appropriate depreciation and amortization method to reflect the pattern in which the future economic benefits of the property, plant and equipment and intangible asset are expected to be consumed by the entity.

The amended IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" requires that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate. The amended standard does not provide any exception from this requirement.

The amended IAS 38 "Intangible Assets" requires that there is a rebuttable presumption that an amortization method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is not appropriate. This presumption can be overcome only in the following limited circumstances:

- a) In which the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue (for example, the contract that specifies the entity's use of the intangible asset will expire upon achievement of a revenue threshold); or
- b) When it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated.

An entity should apply the aforementioned amendments prospectively for annual periods beginning on or after the effective date.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuingly assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance, and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is complete.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The same accounting policies of these consolidated financial statements have been followed as were applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, except for those described below.

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the FSC. Disclosure information included in the consolidated financial statements is less than those required in a complete set of annual financial statements.

b. Subsidiary included in consolidated financial statements:

			Percentage of Ownership		
			March 31,	December 31,	March 31,
Investor	Investee	Main Business	2014	2013	2013
Phihong	Phihong International Corp.	Makes investments	100.00	100.00	100.00
Z .	Phitek International Co., Ltd.	Makes investments	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Ascent Alliance Ltd.	Makes investments	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Phihong USA Corp. ("PHA")	Sells various power supplies	100.00	100.00	100.00
	American Ballast Corp.	Sells various ballasts	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Phihong Technology Japan Co., Ltd.	Sells power components	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Guang-Lai Investment Co., Ltd.	Makes investments	100.00	100.00	100.00
Phihong International Corp.	Phihong (Dongguan) Electronics Co., Ltd.	Manufactures various power supplies	100.00	100.00	100.00
•	Phitek (Tianjin) Electronics Co., Ltd.	Manufactures various power supplies	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Phihong Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Manufactures various power supplies and ballasts	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Value Dynamic Investment Ltd.	Makes investments	100.00	100.00	100.00
	N-Lighten Technologies, Inc.	Makes investments	58.45	58.45	58.45
Value Dynamic Investment Ltd.	Yanghong Trade Co., Ltd.	Manufactures various lighting supplies	100.00	100.00	100.00
N-Lighten Technologies, Inc.	N-Lighten (Shanghai) Trading Inc.	Develops, manufactures and sells various equipment and monitors	100.00	100.00	100.00
Phihong Electronics (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Suzhou Xin Phihong Electronics Co., Ltd.	Manufactures and sells lighting supplies	89.88	89.88	89.88
Phitek International Co., Ltd.	Dongguan Phitek Electronics Co., Ltd.	Manufactures various power supplies	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Suzhou Xin Phihong Electronics Co., Ltd.	Manufactures and sells lighting supplies	10.12	10.12	10.12
Ascent Alliance Ltd.	Dongguan Shuang-Ying Electronics Co., Ltd.	Manufactures and sells electronic materials	100.00	100.00	100.00
	Jin-Sheng-Hong (Jiangxi) Electronics Co., Ltd.	Manufactures and sells electronic materials and transformers	100.00	100.00	100.00
Guang-Lai Investment Co., Ltd.	N-Lighten Technologies Inc.	Makes investments	19.78	19.78	19.78

c. Retirement benefit costs

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-time events.

d. Income taxes

Income tax expense is the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

e. Reclassifications

Certain accounts in the financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2013 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of the consolidated financial statements as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2014.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The same critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty of consolidated financial statements have been followed in these consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, except for those described below.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Cash on hand Checking accounts and demand deposits Time deposits Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	\$ 2,562 1,575,360 134,990	\$ 2,267 1,346,478 74,000	\$ 2,816 1,077,339 57,000 79,921
	<u>\$ 1,712,912</u>	<u>\$ 1,422,745</u>	<u>\$ 1,217,076</u>

The ranges of market rates of demand deposits, time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Demand deposits and time deposits Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	0.01%-3.30%	0.01%-3.30%	0.01%-2.85% 0.68%

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31,			
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013	
Financial assets designated as at FVTPL				
Guaranteed financial products	\$ 46,618	\$ 50,95 <u>7</u>	\$ 169,120	

The Group entered into a 7 to 15 days guaranteed financial products contract with a bank. The Group designated the entire contract as financial assets at FVTPL on initial recognition.

8. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, March 31, 2014 2013 March 31		
Quoted stocks			
Hua Jung Component Co., Ltd.	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 34,515</u>

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT COST

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<u>Unlisted stocks</u>			
Bao-Dian Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	\$ 7,615	\$ 9,015	\$ 12,255
Yuan-Jing Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	18,410	20,010	31,500
Han-Tong Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	48,396	49,996	-
Asiatech Taiwan Venture Fund	682	682	2,748
Yong-Li Investment Ltd.	9,442	9,442	9,442
TC-1 Culture Fund	15,400	22,000	22,000
	<u>\$ 99,945</u>	<u>\$ 111,145</u>	<u>\$ 77,945</u>

Management believed that the fair value of the above unlisted equity investments held by the Group cannot be reliably measured due to the very wide range of reasonable fair value estimates; therefore they were measured at cost less impairment at the end of reporting period.

Bao-Dian Venture Capital Co., Ltd. had outstanding common stock of \$128,700 thousand at January 1, 2013. In the fourth quarter of 2013, Bao-Dian Venture Capital Co., Ltd.'s board of directors approved to decrease and return its capital in the amount of \$45,045 thousand, capital reduction ratio of 35%. The Company received the returned capital of \$3,240 thousand. Bao-Dian Venture Capital Co., Ltd. had outstanding common stock of \$83,655 thousand at March 31, 2014.

Yuan-Jing Venture Capital Co., Ltd. had outstanding common stock of \$619,750 thousand at January 1, 2013. In the third quarter of 2013, Yuan-Jing Venture Capital Co., Ltd.'s board of directors approved to decrease and return its capital in the amount of \$212,575 thousand, capital reduction ratio of 34.3%. The Company received the returned capital of \$11,490 thousand. Yuan-Jing Venture Capital Co., Ltd. had outstanding common stock of \$407,175 thousand at March 31, 2014.

The Company purchased 4,330 thousand shares of Han-Tong Venture Capital Co., Ltd.'s common stocks with per share price of NT\$11.55 in August 2013.

The Company recognized an impairment loss of \$1,600 thousand, \$1,400 thousand, \$1,600 thousand and \$6,600 thousand on the investment Yuan-Jing Venture Capital Co., Ltd., Bao-Dian Venture Capital Co., Ltd., Han-Tong Venture Capital Co., Ltd. and TC-1 Culture Fund at March 31, 2014, which were presented under other gains and losses.

10. TRADE RECEIVABLE

	December 31,		
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
Trade receivable	\$ 2,055,392	\$ 1,980,245	\$ 1,842,084
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(13,400)	(13,425)	(32,940)
The decree is also maked a series	2,041,992	1,966,820	1,809,144
Trade receivable - related parties	-	_	3
	<u>\$ 2,041,992</u>	\$ 1,966,820	<u>\$ 1,809,149</u>

The average credit period for sales of goods was 30-70 days. In determining the recoverability of trade receivable, the Group considered any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable since the date credit was initially granted to the end of the reporting period. Allowance for doubtful accounts was recognized against trade receivables based on estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to credit risk level of the counterparties and an analysis of their current financial position.

The aging of receivables that were past due but not impaired was as follows:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Not overdue and not impaired Overdue under 60 days Overdue 60 days and longer	\$ 1,995,912 52,756 6,724	\$ 1,922,281 47,081 10,883	\$ 1,754,123 56,505 31,461
	<u>\$ 2,055,392</u>	<u>\$ 1,980,245</u>	<u>\$ 1,842,089</u>

Movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts recognized on trade receivable were as follows:

	Individual Impairment Losses	Groups Impairment Losses	Total
Balance at January 1, 2013 Reversed impairment loss on receivables Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 22,067 - -	\$ 8,130 2,490 	\$ 30,197 2,490
Balance at March 31, 2013	<u>\$ 22,067</u>	<u>\$ 10,873</u>	\$ 32,940
Balance at January 1, 2014 Amounts written off as uncollectible Effect of exchange rate changes	\$ 4,482 	\$ 8,943 (200) 175	\$ 13,425 (200) <u>175</u>
Balance at March 31, 2014	<u>\$ 4,482</u>	<u>\$ 8,918</u>	<u>\$ 13,400</u>

As of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, trade receivable of PHA in the amount of \$748,150 thousand, \$725,785 thousand and \$664,931 thousand, respectively, had been pledged to secure short-term debts (the amount was not used as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, respectively). See Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

11. INVENTORIES

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Raw materials Work-in-process Finished goods Merchandise	\$ 515,763 249,508 437,004 661,635	\$ 502,913 168,856 465,439 568,856	\$ 493,133 212,817 329,035 760,636
	<u>\$ 1,863,910</u>	<u>\$ 1,706,064</u>	<u>\$ 1,795,621</u>

As of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013, allowance of inventory devaluation was \$330,122 thousand, \$321,282 thousand and \$290,493 thousand, respectively.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold was \$2,385,168 thousand and \$2,163,695 thousand, respectively. Provision for inventory devaluation and obsolescence in the amounts of \$5,416 thousand and \$7,550 thousand was included in the cost of goods sold for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

12. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Investments in associates:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<u>Unlisted stocks</u>			
Hao-Xuan Venture Capital Co., Ltd. H&P Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Han-Yu Venture Capital Co., Ltd. Spring City Resort Co., Ltd.	\$ 40,208 137,642 115,212 34,786	\$ 40,208 137,642 116,630 35,153	\$ 43,258 151,049 96,516 36,238
	<u>\$ 327,848</u>	\$ 329,633	<u>\$ 327,061</u>

At the end of the reporting period, the percentages of ownership and voting rights in associates held by the Group were as follows:

	December 31,		
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
Hao-Xuan Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	24.67%	24.67%	24.67%
H&P Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	32.26%	32.26%	32.26%
Han-Yu Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	22.22%	22.22%	22.22%
Spring City Resort Co., Ltd.	25.33%	25.33%	25.33%
Phihong PWM Brasil Ltda.	60.00%	60.00%	60.00%
First International Computer Do Brasil Ltda.	33.85%	33.85%	33.85%

Phihong's investments in Brazil include 60% ownership interest of Phihong PWM Brasil Ltda. and 33.85% ownership interest of First International Computer Do Brasil Ltda. Additionally, Phihong PWM Brasil Ltda. also holds 21.15% ownership interest of First International Computer Do Brasil Ltda. The other 40% ownership interest of Phihong PWM Brasil Ltda. is held by the local management team. According to cooperation mode between the Company and the local management team and under Brazilian local laws, the Company has no controlling power over Phihong PWM Brasil Ltda. Because the recoverability of the investments in Phihong PWM Brasil Ltda. and First International Computer Do Brasil Ltda. is considered remote, the Company reduced the carrying value of both investments to zero.

The summarized financial information in respect of the Group's associates was set out below:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 1,737,165 \$ 460,624	\$ 1,735,926 \$ 482,631	\$ 1,696,771 \$ 475,780
			Months Ended ch 31
		2014	2013
Revenue for the period Profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period		\$ 162,115 \$ 49,602 \$ (18,584)	\$ 91,682 \$ 5,791 \$ 20,979

The equity-method investees' financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, which had been used to determine the carrying amount of the Group's investments and the share of profit and other comprehensive income of associates, had not been reviewed. The Group believes that, had those investees' financial statements been reviewed, any adjustments would have had no material effect on the Group's financial statements.

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	December 31,		
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
Freehold land	\$ 273,322	\$ 271,486	\$ 255,723
Buildings	1,662,676	1,632,899	1,630,793
Machinery and equipment	1,052,408	1,087,574	1,202,456
Other equipment	155,996	156,927	152,990
Advance payments and construction in progress	881,212	838,106	416,033
	<u>\$ 4,025,614</u>	<u>\$ 3,986,992</u>	<u>\$ 3,657,995</u>

Except for depreciation recognized, the Group had no significant addition, disposal, and impairment of property, plant and equipment during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

The above items of property, plant and equipment were depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful life:

Buildings

Main building	50 years
Engineering system	10 years
Machinery and equipment	3-10 years
Other equipment	3-5 years

Refer to Note 27 for the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment that had been pledged by the Group to secure long-term loans.

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	December 31,		
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
Completed investment property	<u>\$ 45,654</u>	<u>\$ 46,308</u>	<u>\$ 39,746</u>

Except for amortization recognized, the Group had no significant addition, disposal, nor impairment of other intangible assets during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

The above items of intangible assets were depreciated on a straight-line basis over estimated useful life of 2 to 5 years.

15. PREPAYMENTS FOR LEASE

		December 31,	
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
Current Noncurrent	\$ 3,932 	\$ 3,303 133,309	\$ 3,212 132,024
	<u>\$ 162,596</u>	<u>\$ 136,612</u>	<u>\$ 135,236</u>

Prepayments for lease are prepaid for land use rights for land located in Mainland China.

16. BORROWINGS

Short-term Debt

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<u>Unsecured loan</u>			
Bank borrowings Interest rate	\$\ 582,970 1.32-1.82%	\$ 100,000 1.32%	<u>\$ -</u>

Long-term Debt

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
<u>Unsecured loan</u>			
Medium-term loan Repayable from March 13, 2013 to March 13, 2015; interest rate was 1.42% on March 31, 2014. Interest is paid monthly and principal is due on March 13, 2015.	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Medium-term loan Repayable from August 13, 2013 to August 13, 2015; interest rate was 1.42% on March 31, 2014. Interest is paid monthly and			Ų 200,000
principal is due on August 13, 2015. Medium-term loan Repayable from January 17, 2014 to January 17, 2016; interest rate was 1.42% on March 31, 2014. Interest is paid monthly and	100,000	100,000	-
principal is due on January 17, 2016. Medium-term secured loan Repayable from December 11, 2013 to December 11, 2015; interest rate was 1.39% on March 31, 2014. Interest is paid monthly and principal is due on	200,000	-	-
December 11, 2015. Secured loan	250,000	250,000	-
Medium-term secured loan Repayable from December 11, 2013 to December 11, 2015; interest rate was 1.39% on March 31, 2014. Interest is paid monthly and principal is due on			
December 11, 2015. Medium-term secured loan Repayable from August 13, 2013 to November 19, 2015; interest rate was 1.474% on March 31, 2014. Interest is due monthly and principal is repaid monthly	250,000	250,000	-
from December 19, 2014. Medium-term secured loan Repayable from September 27, 2012 to September 27, 2014; interest rate was 1.37% on March 31, 2013. Interest is paid monthly and principal is due on September 27, 2014. Principal was fully	100,000	100,000	-
repaid in December 2013. Less: Long-term loans payable - current portion	1,000,000 (133,333)	800,000 (8,333)	<u>200,000</u> 300,000
	<u>\$ 866,667</u>	<u>\$ 791,667</u>	\$ 300,000

For pledged properties and endorsements/guarantees, please see Notes 26 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

17. OTHER PAYABLES

	Mar	rch 31, 2014	Dec	cember 31, 2013	Mar	ch 31, 2013
Payable for purchase of equipment	\$	40,806	\$	37,946	\$	6,690
Payable for salaries and bonus		231,727		307,706		192,555
Compensation payable to employees and						
directors and supervisors		28,556		27,456		63,334
Payable for annual leave		41,498		37,880		39,906
Others		545,332		617,658		666,877
	<u>\$</u>	887,919	<u>\$</u>	1,028,646	<u>\$</u>	969,362

18. PROVISION (RECORDED AS OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES)

	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
Warranties	\$ 8,630	\$ 9,444	\$ 8,091
Export losses	49,052	49,052	49,052
	<u>\$ 57,682</u>	<u>\$ 58,496</u>	<u>\$ 57,143</u>

The provision for warranty claims represents the present value of management's best estimate of the future outflow of economic benefits that will be required under the Group's obligations for warranties under local regulations on sale of goods.

The provision of export loss represents the possible product returns and rebates; the amount was estimated based on historical experience, management's judgments and other known reasons.

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Employee benefit expenses in respect of the Group's defined benefit retirement plans were calculated using the actuarially determined pension cost discount rate as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and recognized in the following line items in their respective periods:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2	014	20)13
Operating cost	\$	79	\$	48
Marketing expenses		138		75
Administration expenses		107		72
Research and development expenses		449		342
	<u>\$</u>	773	<u>\$</u>	537

20. EQUITY

Share Capital

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Number of shares authorized (in thousands) Shares authorized Number of shares issued and fully paid (in	600,000	600,000	600,000
	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 6,000,000
thousands) Shares issued	<u>277,164</u>	<u>277,164</u>	<u>277,164</u>
	\$ 2,771,639	\$ 2,771,639	\$ 2,771,639

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have a par value of NT\$10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

On June 14, 2013, Phihong Technology Co., Ltd.'s board of stockholders resolved to issue 5,000 thousand restricted stock shares, with a par value of NT\$10 each, or NT\$50,000 thousand total. Exercise value of NT\$0 each. Except for restrictions against the transfer of shares, the rights and obligations of these common stocks (including allotment, dividend, shareholders' voting right, and capital injection right, etc.) before the employees fulfill the vesting conditions, are the same with other outstanding common stocks.

Capital Surplus

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Issuance of common shares	\$ 226,556	\$ 226,556	\$ 226,556
Conversion of bonds	661,582	661,582	661,582
Treasury share transactions	48,234	48,234	48,234
Interest payable of bond conversion	13,243	13,243	13,243
	<u>\$ 949,615</u>	<u>\$ 949,615</u>	<u>\$ 949,615</u>

The capital surplus arising from shares issued in excess of par (including share premium from issuance of common shares, conversion of bonds and treasury share transactions) and donations may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital and once a year).

The capital surplus from long-term investments, employee share options and share warrants may not be used for any purpose.

Retained Earnings and Dividend Policy

Under the Company Law of the ROC and Phihong's Articles of Incorporation, 10% of Phihong's annual earnings, net of tax and any deficit, should first be appropriated as legal reserve until such reserve equals to the amount of Phihong's capital, and then a special reserve should be appropriated as required by laws or local authorities. Any remaining earnings plus unappropriated earnings accumulated in prior years, unless to be retained partially by Phihong or resolved otherwise by the stockholders, should be appropriated as follows:

- a. Not greater than 2% as remuneration to directors and supervisors;
- b. Not less than 10% as bonuses to employees; and
- c. The remaining as dividends, of which at least 10% should be cash dividends.

For the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the bonus to employees were estimated \$991 thousand and \$6,853 thousand, respectively, and the remuneration to directors and supervisors were \$109 thousand and \$762 thousand, respectively. The bonus to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors were expensed based on estimated percentage of net income (net of the bonus and remuneration). Material differences between such estimated amounts and the amounts proposed by the board of directors in the following year are adjusted for in the current year. If the actual amounts subsequently resolved by the stockholders differ from the proposed amounts, the differences are recorded in the year of stockholders' resolution as a change in accounting estimate. If a share bonus is resolved to be distributed to employees, the number of shares is determined by dividing the amount of the share bonus by the closing price (after considering the effect of cash and stock dividends) of the shares of the day immediately preceding the stockholders' meeting.

Under Rule No. 1010012865 issued by the FSC on April 6, 2012 and the directive titled "Questions and Answers for Special Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of IFRSs", a company should appropriate to special reserve. The Company elected the exemptions under IFRS 1.

Appropriation of earnings to legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's capital surplus. Legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Except for non-ROC resident stockholders, all stockholders receiving the dividends are allowed a tax credit equal to their proportionate share of the income tax paid by the Company.

The appropriations of earnings for 2013 and 2012 had been proposed by the board of directors on March 21, 2014 and been approved in stockholders' meetings on June 14, 2013, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriatio	n of Earnings	Dividends Pe	r Share (NT\$)
	For Year 2013	For Year 2012	For Year 2013	For Year 2012
Legal reserve	\$ 15,253	\$ 30,955	\$ -	\$ -
Cash dividends	137,281	277,164	0.5	1.0
	For the Year	r Ended 2013	For the Yea	r Ended 2012
	Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock
	Dividends	Dividends	Dividends	Dividends
Bonus to employees	\$ 24,710	\$ -	\$ 50,148	\$ -
Remuneration of directors and supervisors	2,746	-	5,572	-

There was no difference between the amounts accrued and the amounts approved in the stockholders' meetings with respect to bonus to employees and remuneration to directors and supervisors.

Special Reserves Appropriated Following First-time Adoption of IFRSs

The Company's special reserves appropriated following first-time adoption of IFRSs were as follows:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Special reserve	<u>\$ 230,859</u>	<u>\$ 230,859</u>	<u>\$ 230,859</u>

The Company transferred unrealized revaluation increment and cumulative translation differences to retained earnings at the amount of \$10,968 thousand and \$250,296 thousand, respectively. The increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments was smaller than the total revaluation and translation differences; therefore, the Company appropriated to the special reserve an amount of \$230,859 thousand, the increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments on transitions to IFRSs.

Other Equity Items

a. Foreign currency translation reserve

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	
Balance at January 1 Exchange differences arising on translating foreign operations	\$ 73,280 66,862	\$ (148,361) 125,799	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 140,142</u>	<u>\$ (22,562</u>)	

Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net assets of the Group's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. New Taiwan dollars) were recognized directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. Exchange differences previously accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve (in respect of translating both the net assets of foreign operations and hedges of foreign operations) were reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the foreign operation.

b. Investments revaluation reserve

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	
Balance at January 1 Unrealized gain arising on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets	\$ (26,428)	\$ (15,603) 3,895	
Share of unrealized gain on revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets of associates accounted for using the equity method	(7,197)	(10,514)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (33,625)</u>	<u>\$ (22,222)</u>	

The investments revaluation reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets that have been recognized in other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassified to profit or loss when those assets have been disposed of or are determined to be impaired.

Non-controlling Interest

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	
Balance at January 1 Attributable to non-controlling interests:	\$ (8,858)	\$ (5,390)	
Share of profit for the period Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign entities	(102) (184)	(5,120) (739)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (9,144)</u>	<u>\$ (11,249</u>)	

21. NET PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

An analysis of amortization by function

Operating costs

Operating expenses

a. Other gains and losses

	March 31	
	2014	2013
Exchange gain, net	\$ 22,544	\$ 18,517
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,759)	(668)
Loss on disposal of investment	-	(2,517)
Impairment loss	(11,200)	-
Others	(2,592)	5,446
	\$ 6,993	\$ 20,778
b. Depreciation and amortization		
	For the Three I	
	2014	2013
An analysis of depreciation by function		
Operating costs	\$ 64,886	\$ 66,519
Operating expenses	40,466	39,173
Operating costs	2014 \$ 64,886	2013 \$ 66,519

For the Three Months Ended

\$ 105,352

\$ 4,416

1,220

3,196

\$ 105,692

\$ 4,356

981

3,375

c. Employee benefits expense

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	
Post-employment benefits (Note 19)			
Defined contribution plans	\$ 5,805	\$ 4,036	
Defined benefit plans	<u>773</u> 6,578	<u>537</u> 4,573	
Short-term employee benefits	625,440	540,289	
	\$ 632,018	<u>\$ 544,862</u>	
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function			
Operating costs	\$ 413,826	\$ 326,698	
Operating expenses	218,192	218,164	
	<u>\$ 632,018</u>	<u>\$ 544,862</u>	

For the Three Months Ended March 31

22. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

The major components of tax expense were as follows:

		2014	2013
Current tax In respect of the current period In respect of prior periods		\$ 16,149 4,515 20,664	\$ 20,620
Deferred tax In respect of the current period		<u> </u>	750
Total income tax expense recognized in the cur	rent period	<u>\$ 20,664</u>	<u>\$ 21,370</u>
b. Information on integrated income tax was as fo	llows:		
		December 31,	
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
Unappropriated earnings Unappropriated earnings generated before January 1, 1998	March 31, 2014	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	March 31, 2013
Unappropriated earnings generated before	, in the second	2013	ŕ
Unappropriated earnings generated before January 1, 1998 Unappropriated earnings generated on and	\$ -	2013	\$ -

The creditable ratio for distribution of earnings of 2013 and 2012 was 30.15% (expected ratio) and 27.69%, respectively.

Under the Income Tax Law, for distribution of earnings generated after January 1, 1998, the imputation credits allocated to ROC resident shareholders of the Company is calculated based on the creditable ratio as of the date of dividend distribution. The actual imputation credits allocated to shareholders of the Company is based on the balance of the ICA as of the date of dividend distribution. Therefore, the expected creditable ratio for the 2013 earnings may differ from the actual creditable ratio to be used in allocating imputation credits to the shareholders.

According to legal interpretation No. 10204562810 announced by the Taxation Administration of the Ministry of Finance, when calculating imputation credits in the year of first-time adoption of IFRSs, the cumulative retained earnings include the net increase or net decrease in retained earnings arising from first-time adoption of IFRSs.

c. Income tax assessments

The latest income tax returns through 2011 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

23. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Income After Tax (Attributed to Owners of the Company)	Number of Common Shares Outstanding (In Thousands)	Earnings Per Share (NT\$)
For the three months ended March 31, 2014			
Basic earnings per share Net income Effect of dilutive potential common shares Employee share option Employee bonus	<u>\$ 6,060</u>	277,164 - 48	<u>\$ 0.02</u>
Diluted earnings per share Net income attributed to holders of common shares plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares	<u>\$ 6,060</u>	<u>277,212</u>	<u>\$ 0.02</u>
For the three months ended March 31, 2013 Basic earnings per share Net income Effect of dilutive potential common shares Employee share option Employee bonus	<u>\$ 42,305</u>	277,164 1,237 282	<u>\$ 0.15</u>
Diluted earnings per share Net income attributed to holders of common shares plus the effect of dilutive potential common shares	<u>\$ 42,305</u>	<u>278,683</u>	<u>\$ 0.15</u>

If the Group can settle the bonuses to employees by cash or shares, the Group presumes that the entire amount of the bonus would be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares are included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, if the shares have a dilutive effect. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the stockholders resolve the number of shares to be distributed to employees at their meeting in the following year.

24. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS

Employee Share Option Plan of the Company

No share options were guaranteed during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013.

Information on employee share options was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2013	
	Number of Options (In Thousand Shares)	Weighted- average Exercisable Price (NT\$)
Balance at January 1 Options exercised Options expired	4,515	\$ 18.20 - -
Balance at December 31	<u>4,515</u>	18.20
Options exercisable, end of period	<u>4,515</u>	

As of December 31, 2013, all outstanding options were expired.

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

- a. Fair value of financial instruments
 - 1) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

Except for the financial assets carried at cost, of which fair values can not be reliably measured, the management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

2) Fair value measurements recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 2 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

a) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:

	December 31,			
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013	
Available-for-sale financial assets				
Equity securities listed in the ROC	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 34,515</u>	

b) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices):

	December 31,			
	March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013	
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Guaranteed financial products	<u>\$ 46,618</u>	\$ 50,957	\$ 169,120	

3) Valuation techniques and assumptions applied for the purpose of measuring fair value

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices. When such prices are not available, valuation techniques are applied. The estimates and assumptions used by the Group are consistent with those that market participants would use in setting a price for the financial instrument.

b. Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
2 million dispersi			
Loans and receivables			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,712,912	\$ 1,422,745	\$ 1,217,076
Trade receivable	2,041,992	1,966,820	1,809,149
Other receivables	31,869	32,607	42,506
Refundable deposits (recorded as other			
non-current assets)	30,568	25,741	28,280
Financial assets at fair value through profit or			
loss	46,618	50,957	169,120
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	34,515
Financial assets carried at cost	99,945	111,145	77,945
Financial liabilities			
Measured at amortized cost			
Short-term debts	582,970	100,000	-
Notes and trade payable	2,124,484	2,026,147	1,903,237
Trade payable to related parties	111,995	109,911	95,388
Other payables	887,919	1,028,646	969,362
Current portion of long-term debts	133,333	8,333	-
Long-term debts	866,667	791,667	300,000
Advance deposits received (recorded as			
other non-current liabilities)	913	898	825

c. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments included cash and cash equivalents, trade receivable, other receivables, refundable/advance deposit, trade payable, trade payable - related parties, other payables, short-term loans, and long-term loans. The Company's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

a) Foreign currency risk

Several subsidiaries of the Company had foreign currency sales and purchases, which exposed the Group to foreign currency risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) at the end of the reporting period are presented in Note 30.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company was mainly exposed to the currency USD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in New Taiwan dollars (the functional currency) against the relevant foreign currencies. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in pre-tax profit and other equity items when New Taiwan dollars strengthen by 1% against the relevant currency. For a 1% weakening of New Taiwan dollars against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit and other equity items and the balances below would be negative.

	Currency U	JSD Impact
		Months Ended ch 31
	2014	2013
Profit or loss	\$ 18,557	\$ 3,382

b) Interest rate risk

The Group was exposed to fair value risk and cash flow interest rate risk from short-term loans, long-term loans, time deposit, repurchase agreements and collateralized bonds at both fixed and floating interest rates.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

December 31,		
March 31, 2014	2013	March 31, 2013
\$ 134,990	\$ 74,000	\$ 57,000
1,082,970	600,000	200,000
-	_	79,921
500,000	300,000	100,000
	1,082,970	\$ 134,990 \$ 74,000 1,082,970 \$ 600,000

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for financial instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year.

If interest rates had been 1% higher and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the three months ended March 31, 2014 would have been lower by \$5,000 thousand, which was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank borrowings.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk approximates the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the risk management committee annually.

Trade receivables consisted of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of customers in view of trade receivables and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased.

3) Liquidity risk

a) Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods:

March 31, 2014

	On Demand or Less than 1 Year	1 to 3 Years	Over 3 Years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing Variable interest rate	\$ 3,124,398	\$ -	\$ 913	\$ 3,125,311
instrument	133,333	366,667	-	500,000
Fixed interest rate instrument	582,970	500,000		1,082,970
	\$ 3,840,701	\$ 866,667	\$ 91 <u>3</u>	\$ 4,708,281

December 31, 2013

	On Demand or Less than 1 Year	1 to 3 Years	Over 3 Years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing Variable interest rate	\$ 3,164,704	\$ -	\$ 898	\$ 3,165,602
instrument Fixed interest rate instrument	8,333 100,000	291,667 500,000	<u> </u>	300,000 600,000
	\$ 3,273,037	<u>\$ 791,667</u>	<u>\$ 898</u>	<u>\$ 4,065,602</u>
March 31, 2013				
	On Demand or Less than 1 Year	1 to 3 Years	Over 3 Years	Total
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing Variable interest rate	\$ 2,967,987	\$ -	\$ 825	\$ 2,968,812
instrument Fixed interest rate instrument	-	100,000 200,000	<u>-</u>	100,000 200,000
	\$ 2,967,987	\$ 300,000	<u>\$ 825</u>	\$ 3,268,812
Financing facilities				
E				

26. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

b)

a. The Group's related parties and relationship

Unused bank financing facilities

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
Xu Sheng Technology Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Red Sun Metal Industry Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Shine Tech Ltd.	Other related parties
Heng Hui Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Dongguan Song Xiang Metal Products Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Dongguan Fenggang Pin Hao Metal Products Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Hua Jung Co., Ltd.	Other related parties
Peter Lin	Phihong's chairman

\$ 681,975

\$ 1,238,800

\$ 1,768,620

Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties were disclosed below:

b. Trading transactions

	For the Three Months Ended March 31		
	2014	2013	
Purchase of goods			
Other related parties	<u>\$ 84,812</u>	<u>\$ 68,212</u>	

There is no significant difference between purchase price from related parties and purchase price from unrelated parties.

The following balances of trade payables for purchases from related parties were outstanding at the end of the reporting period:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013	
Other related parties	\$ 111,99 <u>5</u>	\$ 109,911	\$ 95,388	

c. Compensation of key management personnel

The types and amounts of the remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel were as follows:

		Months Ended ch 31
	2014	2013
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 9,531 108	\$ 7,648 54
	<u>\$ 9,639</u>	<u>\$ 7,702</u>

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

d. Other transactions with related parties

The key management personnel of the Group have guaranteed the payments of the loans of the Company as of March 31, 2014, December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2013. The amounts of the guarantees were \$1,582,970 thousand, \$900,000 thousand and \$300,000 thousand, respectively.

27. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for bank borrowings:

	December 31, March 31, 2014 2013 March 31, 2				
Freehold land Buildings Trade receivable	\$ 197,586 146,948 	\$ 112,450 149,409 725,785	\$ 112,450 157,028 664,931		
	<u>\$ 1,092,684</u>	\$ 987,644	<u>\$ 934,409</u>		

28. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

The Group's unrecognized commitments were as follows:

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 572,269</u>

29. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Phihong Company issued domestic convertible bonds followed by the resolutions of board of directors on April 29, 2014 and applied to Securities and Futures Bureau, Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan for repaying bank loan.

The total amount of the corporate bond is under 1.5 billion, lasts for a term of three years and has a coupon rate of 0%. Up to the time of boards of directors passing the financial statements, the application of Phihong Company is pending for approval.

30. EXCHANGE RATE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	March 31,2014				March 31, 2014 December 31, 2013						March 31, 201	3
	F	oreign	Exchange	New Tai wan	F	oreign	Exchange	New Tai wan	F	oreign	Exchange	New Tai wan
		rrencies housands)	Rate (Note)	Dollars (In Thousands)		rrencies housands)	Rate (Note)	Dollars (In Thousands)		rrencies housands)	Rate (Note)	Dollars (In Thousands)
Financial assets												
Monetary items												
USD	\$	132,527	30.4950	\$ 4,041,411	\$	152,137	29.9000	\$ 4,548,896	\$	135,085	29.8900	\$ 4,037,691
JPY		471,060	0.2994	141,035		613,528	0.2836	173,997		542,864	0.3160	171,545
HKD		5,156	3.9306	20,266		3,511	3.8557	13,537		3,957	3.8504	15,236
RMB		50	4.9593	248		38,446	4.8997	188,374		43,110	4.7640	205,376
Financial liabilities												
Monetary items												
USD		99,984	30.4950	3,049,012		111,020	29.9000	3,319,498		102,591	29.8900	3,066,445
JPY		24,313	0.2994	7,279		10,761	0.2836	3,052		14,465	0.3160	4,571
HKD		3,797	3.9306	14,924		4,808	3.8557	18,538		4,465	3.8504	17,192
RMB		7,173	4.9593	35,573		139,663	4.8997	684,307		104,114	4.7640	495,999

Note: Exchange rate represents the amount of New Taiwan dollars for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

31. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's power supply segment is the only one reportable segment. The power supply segment mainly engages in the manufacturing and selling of AC/DC power adapters, charger bases, and power supply modules for computers. The Group's other operating segments did not exceed the quantitative threshold so they are not disclosed as reportable segments. These segments mainly engage in manufacturing and selling of lighting supply and developing, manufacturing and selling monitors.

The Group adopted operating profits as the measurement threshold. There was no material inconsistency between the accounting policies of the operating segment and the accounting policies described in Note 4.

The Company's operating segment information was as follows:

a. Segment revenues and results

	Segment	Revenues	Segment Profit				
	For the Three Marc		For the Three Months Ende March 31				
	2014	2013	2014	2013			
Power supply Others Income from continuing operations Other revenue Other gain and loss Financial cost Investment income recognized under equity method, net	\$ 2,552,738 224,097 \$ 2,776,835	\$ 2,452,700 155,894 \$ 2,608,594	\$ (18,784) 6,380 (12,404) 30,993 6,993 (4,372) 5,412	\$ 51,285 (45,869) 5,416 32,571 20,778 (1,310) 1,100			
Income before income tax			\$ 26,622	<u>\$ 58,555</u>			

b. Segment assets and liabilities

	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	March 31, 2013
Power supply segment assets Other assets	\$ 10,005,316 1,015,006	\$ 9,420,592 <u>908,337</u>	\$ 8,748,564 864,254
Total assets	<u>\$ 11,020,322</u>	\$ 10,328,929	<u>\$ 9,612,818</u>
Power supply segment liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 4,888,467 139,794	\$ 4,287,005 115,302	\$ 3,494,069 120,420
Total liabilities	\$ 5,028,261	<u>\$ 4,402,307</u>	\$ 3,614,489